OSS tooling refers to open-source software (OSS) tools that are used for software development, testing, deployment, and management. These tools are typically developed by a community of developers and made available under an open-source license, allowing anyone to use, modify, and distribute the software for free.

Examples of OSS tooling include:

Version control systems like Git, SVN, and Mercurial

Build tools like Maven, Gradle, and Ant

Continuous integration and continuous delivery (CI/CD) tools like Jenkins, Travis CI, and CircleCI

Container orchestration tools like Kubernetes, Docker Swarm, and Mesos

Configuration management tools like Ansible, Chef, and Puppet

Monitoring and logging tools like Prometheus, Grafana, and ELK Stack

Using OSS tooling can offer several benefits, including lower costs, greater flexibility, and faster innovation. Since the source code is available, developers can modify

the tools to fit their specific needs, and can contribute their improvements back to the community. This results in a virtuous cycle of community-driven innovation and improvement.